CANADIANS FIND GALLANT DUTCH SUFFERING YET

Amsterdam Buildings Being Used as Fuel

(By Darby Coats, British United Press Staff Correspondent)

Amsterdam, June 26.—(BUP)—Butter at \$12 a pound in the black market, buildings torn down for fuel, and amid it all a brave preparation by the hungry people to celebrate their liberation were among the heritages of war which greeted Canadian soldiers on conducted tours here to-day.

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Tours from Utrecht, 22 miles southeast of here, where they are stationed, are among the diversions provided for the Canadians. To-day I toured the ancient city in an army vehicle which had been converted to a sightseeing bus for a tour arranged by the Y.M.C.A., and the trip took in everything from Raphael's famous home to modern office buildings.

But the troops were most enthusiastic over the Olympic stadium. The guides were Dutch teachers of English from the local schools. They showed us many brick buildings demolished as if by bombs, but actually brought down by the removal of their timber as the inhabitants searched for fuel during the German occupation.

More than 25,000 of Amsterdam's beautiful elms were destroyed, and wooden paving blocks torn up for the same purpose.

Pathetic Sights

Pathetic sights are wreaths which mark the places where patriots were executed by the Nazis.

A woman teacher quoted the following in Canadian money, showing comparisons between normal peace-time, the German occupation and the present:

Butter, normal, 53 cents a pound;

Butter, normal, 53 cents a pound; occupation, \$61 a pound; present, \$12 a pound in the black market.
Tea, normal, 60 cents a pound;

Tea, normal, 60 cents a pound; occupation, \$143 a pound; now practically unobtainable at any price.

women's dresses that sold for \$9 in peace-time were \$200 during the occupation, and now unobtainable.

Amsterdam was decorated in preparation for three-day liberation celebrations this week. The event had been planned earlier, but was postponed because the people were unfit for celebrations due to malnutrition.

A notable feature of the decorations are thousands of biscuit tins painted red, white and blue and hanging in clusters on trees along the main streets. They were used by Allied forces to bring food to the starving people.

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